

OFFICER EMPLOYMENT PROCEDURE RULES

Recruitment and Employment

- (a) Declarations
 - (i) The Council will draw up a statement requiring any candidate for appointment as an Officer to state in writing whether they are the parent, grandparent, partner, child, stepchild, adopted child, grandchild, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew or niece of an existing Councillor or Officer of the Council or of the partner of such persons
 - (ii) No candidate so related to a Councillor or an Officer will be appointed without the authority of the relevant Chief Officer or an Officer nominated by him/her
- (b) Seeking support for appointment
 - (i) Subject to paragraph (ii) the Council will disqualify any applicant who directly or indirectly seeks the support of any Councillor for any appointment with the Council. The content of this paragraph will be included in any recruitment information.
 - (ii) Subject to paragraph (iii) no Councillor will seek support for any person for any appointment within the Council

2. MANDATORY STANDING ORDERS THE RESPECTIVE ROLES OF THE COUNCIL, THE EXECUTIVE AND OFFICERS IN THE APPOINTMENT AND DISMISSAL OF OFFICERS

- 2.1. In this Part -
 - “the 1989 Act” means the Local Government and Housing Act 1989;
 - “the 2000 Act” means the Local Government Act 2000;
 - “disciplinary action” has the same meaning as in the Local Authorities (Standing Orders) (England) Regulations 2015;
 - “executive” and “executive leader” have the same meaning as in Part II of the 2000 Act
 - “member of staff” means a person appointed to or holding a paid office or employment under the authority; and
 - “proper Officer” means an Officer appointed by the authority for the purposes of the provisions in this Part.
 - 2.2. Subject to paragraphs 3 and 7, the function of appointment and dismissal of, and taking disciplinary action against, a member of staff of the authority must be discharged, on behalf of the authority, by the Officer designated under Section 4(1) of the 1989 Act (designation and reports of head of paid service) as the head of the authority’s paid service or by an Officer nominated by him.
3. Paragraph 2.2 shall not apply to the appointment or dismissal of, or disciplinary action against -
- (a) the Officer designated as the head of the authority’s paid service;
 - (b) a statutory chief Officer within the meaning of Section 2(6) of the 1989 Act (politically restricted posts);

- (c) a non-statutory chief Officer within the meaning of Section 2(7) of the 1989 Act;
 - (d) a deputy chief Officer within the meaning of Section 2(8) of the 1989 Act; or
 - (e) a person appointed in pursuance of Section 9 of the 1989 Act (assistants for political groups)
- 4.1. Where a Committee, sub-Committee or Officer is discharging, on behalf of the authority, the function of the appointment or dismissal of an Officer designated as the head of the authority's paid service, the authority must approve that appointment before an offer of appointment is made to him or, as the case may be, must approve that dismissal before notice of dismissal is given to him.
- 4.2. Where a Committee or sub-Committee of the authority is discharging, on behalf of the authority, the function of the appointment or dismissal of any Officer referred to in sub-paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d) of paragraph 3, at least one member of the Executive must be a member of that Committee or sub-Committee.
- 5.1. In this paragraph, "appointor" means, in relation to the appointment of a person as an Officer of the authority, the authority or, where a Committee, sub-Committee or Officer is discharging the function of appointment on behalf of the authority, that Committee, sub-Committee or Officer, as the case may be.
- 5.2. An offer of an appointment as an Officer referred to in sub-paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d) of paragraph 3 must not be made by the appointor until -
- (a) the appointor has notified the proper Officer of the name of the person to whom the appointor wishes to make the offer and any other particulars which the appointor considers are relevant to the appointment;
 - (b) the proper Officer has notified every member of the executive of the authority of -
 - (i) the name of the person to whom the appointor wishes to make the offer;
 - (ii) any other particulars relevant to the appointment which the appointor has notified to the proper Officer; and
 - (iii) the period within which any objection to the making of the offer is to be made by the executive leader on behalf of the executive to the proper Officer; and
 - (c) either -
 - (i) the executive leader has, within the period specified in the notice under sub-paragraph (b) (iii), notified the appointor that neither he nor any other member of the executive has any objection to the making of the offer;
 - (ii) the proper Officer has notified the appointor that no objection was received by him within that period from the executive leader; or
 - (iii) the appointor is satisfied that any objection received from the executive leader within that period is not material or is not well-founded.

- 6 (1) In this paragraph, “dismissor” means, in relation to the dismissal of an Officer of the authority, the authority or, where a Committee, sub-Committee or another Officer is discharging the function of dismissal on behalf of the authority, that Committee, sub-Committee or other Officer, as the case may be.
- 6 (2) Notice of the dismissal of an Officer referred to in sub-paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d) of paragraph 3 must not be given by the dismissor until -
- (a) the dismissor has notified the proper Officer of the name of the person who the dismissor wishes to dismiss and any other particulars which the dismissor considers are relevant to the dismissal;
 - (b) the proper Officer has notified every member of the executive of the authority of -
 - (i) the name of the person who the dismissor wishes to dismiss;
 - (ii) any other particulars relevant to the dismissal which the dismissor has notified to the proper Officer; and
 - (iii) the period within which any objection to the dismissal is to be made by the executive leader on behalf of the executive to the proper Officer; and
 - (c) either -
 - (i) the executive leader has, within the period specified in the notice under sub-paragraph (b) (iii), notified the dismissor that neither he nor any other member of the executive has any objection to the dismissal;
 - (ii) the proper Officer has notified the dismissor that no objection was received by him within that period from the executive leader; or
 - (iii) the dismissor is satisfied that any objection received from the executive leader within that period is not material or is not well-founded.
7. Nothing in paragraph 2.2 shall prevent a person from serving as a member of any Committee or sub-Committee established by the authority to consider an appeal by -
- (a) another person against any decision relating to the appointment of that other person as a member of staff of the authority; or
 - (b) a member of staff of the authority against any decision relating to the dismissal of, or taking disciplinary action against, that member of staff.

**PROVISIONS TO BE INCORPORATED IN STANDING ORDERS
IN RESPECT OF DISCIPLINARY ACTION**

Appendix 1

8. In paragraph 10, “chief finance Officer”, “council manager”, “disciplinary action”, “head of the authority’s paid service” and “monitoring Officer”, have the same meaning as in Regulation 2 of the Local Authorities (Standing Orders) (England) Regulations 2015 and “designated independent person” has the same meaning as in Regulation 7 of those Regulations.

9. No disciplinary action in respect of Statutory Officers as defined in paragraph 8 (above), may be taken by the authority, or by a Committee, a sub-Committee, a joint Committee on which the authority is represented or any other person acting on behalf of the authority, other than in accordance with Schedule 3 of the Local Authorities (Standing Orders) (England) Regulations 2015; a Panel consisting of two Independent Persons will be appointed within 20 working days before a meeting of the authority to consider whether or not to approve a proposal to dismiss a Statutory Officer is held and their views or recommendations will be put to the meeting of the authority. The meeting of the authority will take such views, advice and recommendations into account as well as the conclusions of any investigation and representations from the Statutory Officer.
10. The action mentioned in paragraph 10 is suspension of the Officer for the purpose of investigating the alleged misconduct occasioning the action; and suspension of a statutory Officer must be on full pay and terminate no later than the expiry of two months beginning on the day on which the suspension takes effect.